NCJIS ADVISORY COMMITTEE BY-LAWS

The Advisory Committee on Criminal Justice Information Sharing (NCJIS Advisory Committee) is established pursuant to NRS 179A.079. The purpose of the Committee is to review policy, technical and operational issues related to the Central Repository of Nevada Records of Criminal History (Central Repository), recommend standards for integrated criminal justice information sharing between Nevada criminal justice agencies and the Central Repository, and to make recommendations to the Director of the Department of Public Safety for policy, operational and technical issues related to the Central Repository and statewide criminal justice information sharing.

- <u>NCJIS Advisory Committee meetings shall be conducted in accordance with the Nevada Open</u> <u>Meeting Law (NRS 241) and with Robert's Rules of Order (current edition).</u>
- Regular meetings shall be held no less than two (2) times per calendar year in accordance with NRS 179A.079 and at such other times as directed by the call of the Chairperson.
- The Chairperson shall select the meeting site.
- A majority of the NCJIS Advisory Committee membership in good standing, present at a regularly scheduled meeting, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business.
- The Director of the Department of Public Safety, the Director of the Department of Corrections, and the Attorney General may select a designee to attend meetings of the NCJIS Advisory Committee on their behalf (see NRS 179A.079 and NRS 241.025).
- Except in the case of extenuating circumstances, failure to be present at two (2) NCJIS Advisory Committee meetings, per calendar year, may result in the removal of member status from membership to the NCJIS Advisory Committee.
- All members of the NCJIS Advisory Committee shall be entitled to the floor of any NCJIS Advisory Committee meeting; however, only Members in good standing are eligible to vote upon motions, election of Officers, and other business of NCJIS Advisory Committee before the membership.
- Election of officers will take place at the annual meetingat the first meeting of the calendar year in odd-numbered years. <u>Newly-Newly-</u>elected officers will assume the responsibilities of their offices immediately (see Officers).
- Term limits <u>for members</u> are prescribed by NRS 179A.079.
- The NCJIS Advisory Committee <u>will may</u> receive reports of all discussions and suggestions from the NCJIS Steering Committee and NCJIS Northern and Southern

<u>Nevada Technical</u> Subcommittees for use in recommending policies, procedures, and standards to the Director of the Department of Public Safety.

NCJIS Advisory Committee members shall abide by decisions and recommendations officially adopted by NCJIS Advisory Committee at any regularly scheduled meeting.

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OFFICERS

The Officers of the NCJIS Advisory Committee shall be Chairperson, <u>and Co-Vice</u> Chairperson, <u>Secretary and Treasurer</u>. The Officers shall be elected by a majority vote of the voting membership present during the <u>first meeting of the calendar year in odd-numbered years</u> <u>May 31, 2006 meeting</u>. Officers may succeed themselves for an unlimited number of terms in the same <u>office</u>-position.

A. Chairperson:

The Chairperson shall be elected for a term of two years and shall be the presiding chairperson at all official meetings of the NCJIS Advisory Committee. He/she shall have general supervision over the affairs and administration of the NCJIS Advisory Committee and of the duties performed by other elected officers and appointees. <u>He/she shall set the meeting agenda and shall coordinate with the Central Repository on administrative, policy, or technical issues to bring forth to the NCJIS Advisory Committee.</u>

He/she shall perform such other duties as may be provided by the By-Laws. He/she shall represent the NCJIS Advisory Committee at official functions and have the authority to designate the <u>Co-Vice</u> Chairperson or an Alternate to act in his/her behalf should the Chairperson be unable to be present.

B. Co-<u>Vice</u> Chairperson:

The <u>Co-Vice</u> Chairperson shall be elected for a term of two years and perform the duties of the Chairperson in the Chairperson's absence and any other duties requested of him/her by the Chairperson.

C. Secretary:

The Secretary shall be appointed by the Nevada Department of Public Safety, Records and Technology DivisionGeneral Services Division. It will be the duty of the Secretary to enter in the proper books all resolutions, minutes and proceedings of the NCJIS Advisory Committee in accordance with NRS 241. He/she shall conduct correspondence relating to the NCJIS Advisory Committee, send meeting invitations, meeting agendas, and arrange for meeting locations.

D. Treasurer:

The Treasurer shall be appointed by the Nevada Department of Public Safety, Records and Technology Division. It will be the duty of the Treasurer to coordinate all travel arrangements including payment.

E. Death or Resignation of OfficersVacancies:

In the event of <u>death or resignationa vacancy</u> of any officer of the NCJIS Advisory Committee, the position will be filled in the manner prescribed by NRS 179A.<u>079</u>.

F: Assistance from Central Repository or other Nevada Criminal Justice Agency:

Members may request information from the Central Repository or from any other Nevada criminal justice agency to assist the NCJIS Advisory Committee in performing its duties.

<u>G: Amendments to the Bylaws:</u>

Any member may recommend changes to the bylaws. Bylaw changes will become effective upon approval by a majority of the members at any scheduled meeting.

MEMBERSHIP

1. There shall be one (1) class of membership. Any person who has been convicted of a felony or a crime involving moral turpitude may be ineligible for any class of membership in the NCJIS Advisory Policy Committee.

A. Member

To qualify for full privileges and standing as a Member, the applicant must meet the NRS 179A.079 guidelines.

OBJECTIVES AND PURPOSES

The objectives of the NCJIS Advisory Committee shall be to:

1. serve <u>Serve</u> the cause of truth - with integrity, objectively and fairly;

2. <u>encourage Encourage</u> and support research, education, <u>cooperative relationships</u> and training intended to enhance the criminal justice community's ability and capability;

3. <u>provide Provide</u> a forum for the presentation and exchange of information relative to the criminal justice community;

4. to $e\underline{E}$ ndeavor to educate others relative to criminal justice community through provision of speakers.

5. Recommend policies, procedures, and standards on criminal justice information sharing to the Director of the Department of Public Safety for adoption by the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History;

<u>6. Form such subcommittees as may be necessary to carry out the Committee's responsibilities and prescribe such subcommittees' membership and duration.</u>

PRIOR NCJIS HISTORY AND STRUCTURE

Structure:

The statewide criminal history repository was created by the 1984 legislative session. During the beginning stages of the repository several committees were formed to develop, implement, train and maintain the system. The committees were as follows:

The NCJIS Advisory Policy Board (APB) was established to recommend and approve policies and procedures regarding the repository for the user agencies. The committee consists of 15 representatives from the criminal justice community. These representatives are from: Department of Public Safety, Judges Association, Administrative Office of the Court, Department of Prisons, District Attorney Association and from Northern/Southern Law Enforcement Agencies. The NCJIS APB approved the formation of both the Northern and Southern NCJIS Subcommittees to solicit input from all criminal justice agencies regarding current and future state systems. These committees meet quarterly to collect and forward information, make system improvement recommendations and to bring forth policy and procedure concerns to the APB. The meetings are used to relay information to the users and at times to provide training to the user agencies. The chair of the committees acts as a liaison between the subcommittee members, the Steering Committee and the APB.

The NCJIS Steering Committee was created as a small working group from the larger subcommittees. The design team members are selected to include members from geographical areas, size of agency and type of agency. In addition, they were selected for their expertise and knowledge gained as being Terminal Agency Coordinators (TACs), Assistant Terminal Agency Coordinators (ATACs) or supervisor/administrators actively involved with criminal justice records. The NCJIS Northern and Southern Subcommittees are each allowed three voting members and three alternate members. One of the voting positions from each location is held by the chairman of the subcommittee. The APB structured the Steering Committee so that the larger agencies would not overrule and dictate policies and procedures to the smaller agencies that were impractical or unfunded. The APB designated the design team as a "standing committee" which is tasked with continuous work on projects as technology changes, systems are revised and user requirements change.

History:

Prior to the creation of the statewide criminal history repository in 1984 each department in the criminal justice community maintained their own records system. Frequently information was obtained by picking up the telephone and calling an agency to have someone search their system. This obviously was a laborious, time consuming method. The 1984 legislative body recognized the need to establish a central repository for information to be used by all criminal justice agencies.

Today there are over 136 criminal justice agencies within the State of Nevada who still maintain their own record systems and send duplicate information to the repository. This makes for an inefficient use of personnel resources. This also creates untimely and often incomplete records missing valuable information such as dispositions, modifications, added or dropped charges, etc.

The state switch at the repository connects local law enforcement agencies, courts, district attorney offices and other public safety related agencies through dedicated terminals, computer to computer interfaces and hosts to local area network connections. Today there are over 6,000 devices connected to the state switch compared to 350 devices in 1987. Annual transactions (inquiries and entries) in 1987 were over 2 million and are currently over 300 million.

The NCJIS system advances are due primarily to technological advancements in the information processing industry. The NCJIS system is created by the exchange of information through on line interfaces, electronic transfers or manual submissions from primary

contributors. It is anticipated with the increased need for information that more agencies and departments will become regular contributors. As more contributors upgrade to electronic record keeping systems, the use of interfaces with local systems will allow for one time entry, modification and updates to local systems. This information will be passed on electronically to the repository. This information will be more comprehensive, accurate and timely.

In 1999 legislative session, a bill was past to amend NRS 179A to include language affixing the submission responsibility to the agency that creates the record. Some examples of responsibilities are:

Law Enforcement = Arrests, Citations

Courts = Dispositions, Temporary Order of Protection, Warrants

Prosecutors = Modified, amended, added or dropped arrest charges

Prisons = Custody information including location and release dates

Parole & Probation = Custodial supervision information, tier levels for sex offenders

NCJIS is broken into three major categories:

Criminal process: includes the arrest, booking, charging, court appearance, sentencing, corrections, Parole/probation information, post conviction relief, records challenges/seals, contact request notification, convicted person registration, fingerprint identification, FBI Interstate Identification Index, and National Fingerprint File registration.

Civil process: captures data that is non-criminal in nature, but is related to criminal justice, including: concealed weapon permits, protection orders, missing persons, work permits and civil applicants.

Administrative process: functions that disseminate the information captured in either the criminal process or the civil process, provides system and file maintenance, handles the electronic transfer of data, data conversions, and provides system statistics and reports. Functions include: reports, on line inquiry, conversion, linking of wants/warrants, electronic interface, records maintenance, and returned fingerprint card tracking.